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## QUANTUM CHEMICAL CALCULATIONS OF Si-F-SPECIES

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The examination of the thermal decomposition of alkalihexafluorosilicates resulted in first conceptions about the diffusion of Si-F-species in the solid [1]. Starting from this reaction description semiempirical quantum-chemical computation methods (CNDO/2, EHT) have been used to get informations about the stability and reactivity of  $\text{SiF}_4^-$ ,  $\text{SiF}_3^-$  and  $\text{SiF}_2^{2+}$  ( $\text{SiF}_2$  resp.) - units.

The quantumchemical calculations show that the existence of planar  $\text{SiF}_4$  as well as planar  $\text{SiF}_3^+$  in the solid can not be excluded from the energetic point of view. The additional stabilization of planar structures in the crystal should be responsible for this fact. A comparison between the calculated Si-F-species shows, that the bond energy of one Si-F-bond decreases with growing number of ligands and in this connection with decreasing F-Si-F-bond angle. The equilibrium distances of the Si-F-bonds found out with CNDO/2 - calculations decrease with increasing bond angle.

- 1 L. Kolditz, F. Janiak, W. Wilde, S. Sciesielski, S. Feist,  
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